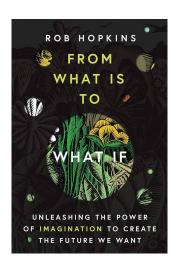


Climate Change and its Impact on Health
Challenges, opportunities & strategies
From out of the public health lens
Dr. Lucie Blondé

SOURCES







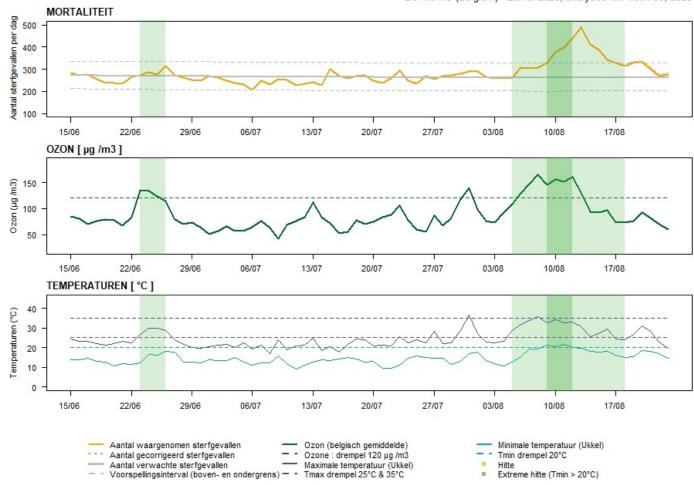




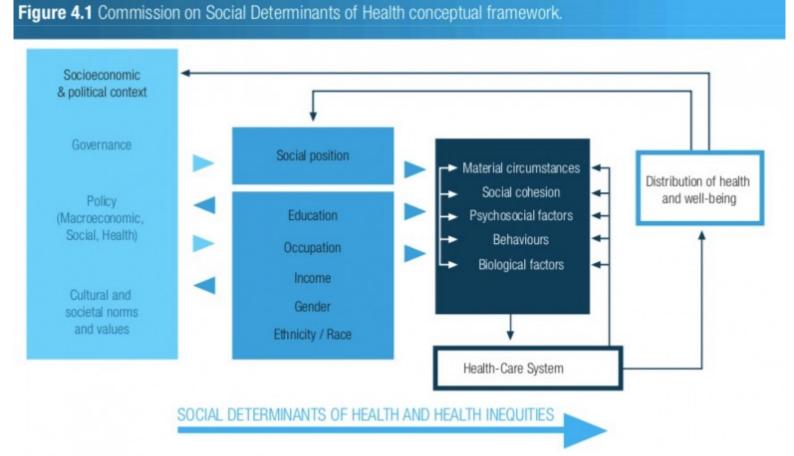
Sickness and health as a biological problem...?



Be-MOMO (Belgium) - Zomer 2020, analyses van week 35, 2020

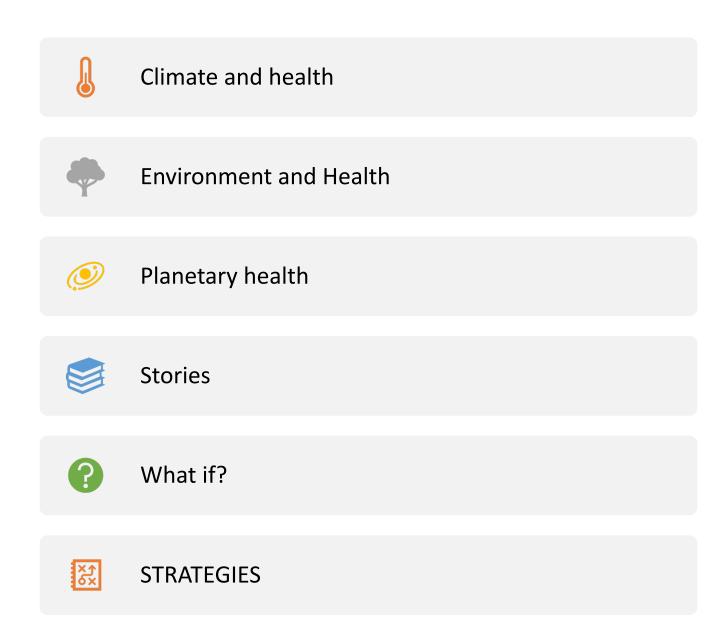


Determinants of Health...?



Source: Amended from Solar & Irwin, 2007

AGENDA



These are the 10 biggest threats to global health in 2019 Based on rankings from the World Health Organization

- 1. Air pollution and climate change
- 2. Noncommunicable diseases
- 3. Global influenza pandemic
- 4. Fragile and vulnerable settings
- 5. Antimicrobial resistance
- 6. Ebola and other high-threat pathogens
- 7. Weak primary healthcare
- 8. Vaccine hesitancy
- 9. Dengue fever
- 10. HIV

Source: World Health Organization

Impact of Climate Change on Human Health





Cholera Vaccination Campaign Begins in Mozambique

Following Cyclone Idai devastation, nearly 900,000 people will receive the vaccine from the Gavi-funded stockpile.

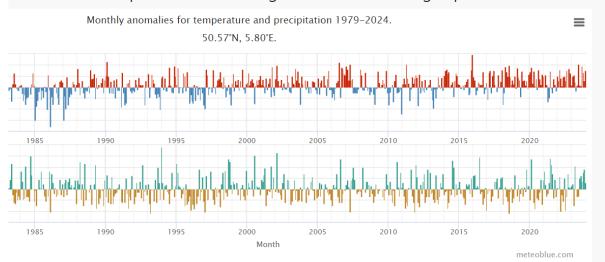
GENEVA/BEIRA, 3 April 2019 – An oral cholera vaccination campaign to protect survivors of Cyclone Idai begins today in Beira, Mozambique. Funded by Gavi, the Vaccine Alliance, the campaign will be carried out by the Mozambique Ministry of Health, with support from the World Health Organization (WHO) and other partners, including UNICEF, the International Federation of the Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC), Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF) and Save the Children.

There has already been one reported cholera death and almost 1,500 reported cases following the cyclone, which caused severe flooding in Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi and Madagascar after making landfall in March. Nine cholera treatment centres, with 500-bed capacity, are already admitting patients.

"Cyclone Idai's trail of devastation has left the city of Beira's water and sanitation infrastructure in ruins, providing the perfect conditions for cholera to spread," said Gavi CEO, Dr Seth Berkley. "This cyclone has already caused enough devastation and misery across south east Africa; we have to hope these vaccines will help stop a potentially major outbreak and prevent yet more suffering."











Source: WHO

Droogte bedreigt drinkwater uit Maas

Vooral Nederlandse drinkwaterbedrijven zijn bezorgd om de waterkwaliteit van de Maas, nu het waterpeil zo laag is.

Jef Poppelmonde

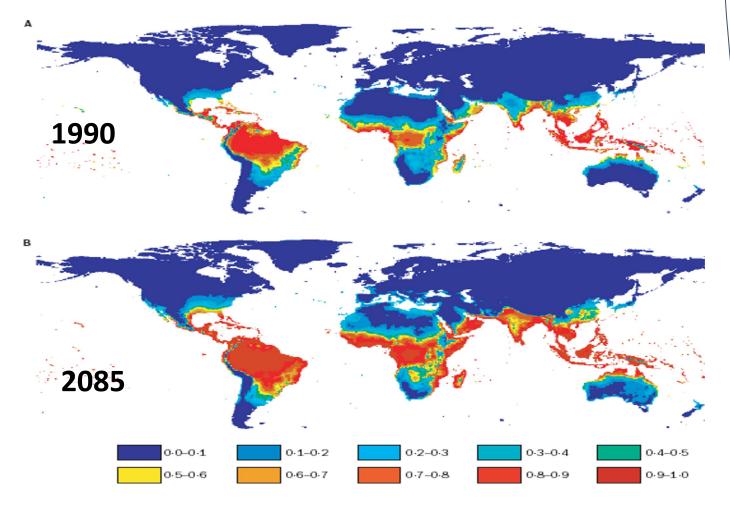
Dinsdag 6 september 2022 om 3.25 uur



Naarmate het debiet afneemt, neemt de impact van vervuilende stoffen toe

Zeven miljoen inwoners van België en Nederland zijn voor hun drinkwater afhankelijk van de Maas. De rivier voedt het Albertkanaal, de levensader van de Vlaamse economie en de bron van 40 procent van het drinkwater in Vlaanderen. Maar door de aanhoudende droogte is het debiet van de Maas naar een crisisniveau gezakt (DS 26 augustus). Dat weegt op de waterkwaliteit.

Change in vector habitat: DENGUE

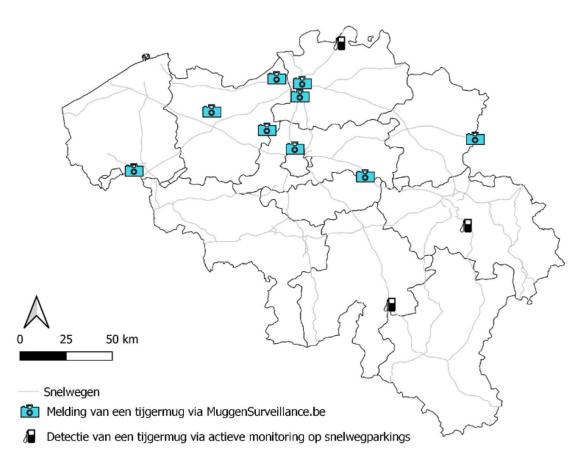


- Especially in urban areas due to poor water storage
- Heavy rains and rising temperatures increase the infection rate

-Transmission already increased by 9.4% and 11.11% for A. Aegypti and A. Albopictus since 1950
-The annual number of cases has doubled every decade since 1990

By 2085, 5 to 6 billion people would be at risk of dengue

Hales, de Wet, Maindonald, Woodward, *The Lancet*, 2002, 360:830





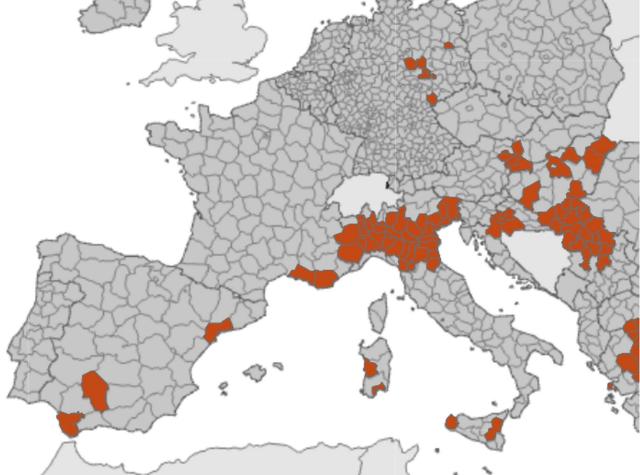


All sections ▼ Enter yo

Analysis and guidance ▼ Training and tools ▼

Home > Infectious disease topics > A–Z disease list > West Nile virus infection > Surveillance and disease data > Weekly updates: 2022 West Nile virus transmission season

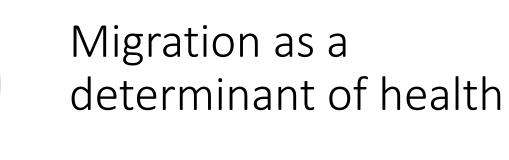
Weekly updates: 2022 West Nile virus transmission season













MIGRATION POLICY THAT KILLS



Source: MSF



ENVIRONMENT AND HEALTH



Climate and health



Environment and Health



Planetary health



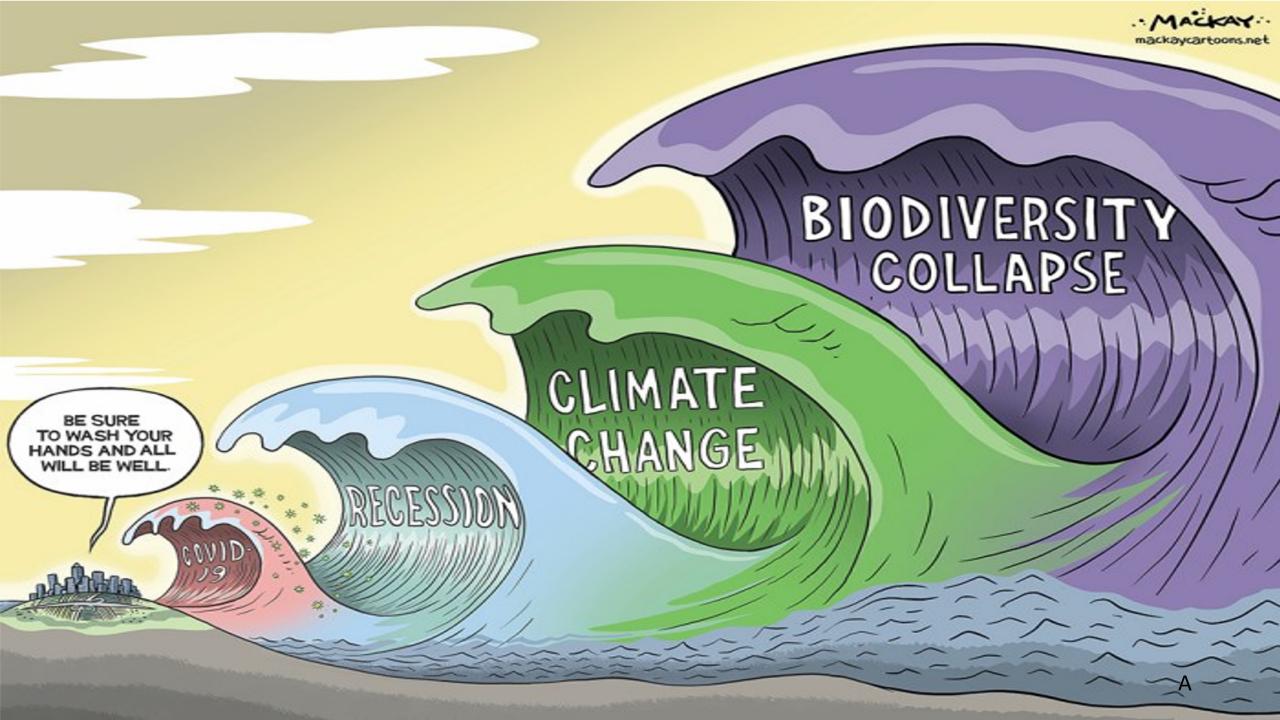
Stories



What if?



Strategies





PHYSICAL CHEMICAL ENVIRONMENTAL
HYGIENE (LIMITING EXPOSURE TO MUTAGENIC
OR ENDOCRINE DISRUPTING AGENTS) AND THE
IMPORTANCE OF EXPOSURES EARLY IN LIFE

MAY 2019 SHC № 9404





ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION as a determinant of health

 Adverse effects observed in relation to exposure to pollutants and man-made products, in particular carcinogenic agents, mutagenic agents and endocrine disruptors
1.1. Cardiovascular disease (CVD)
1.2. Diabetes
1.3. Obesity
1.4. Female reproductive dysfunction
1.5. Male reproductive dysfunction
1.6. Disorders of neurodevelopment and cognition
1.7. Immune system related diseases
1.7.1. Endocrine disruption, risk of asthma, allergies and some autoimmune diseases
1.7.2. Reactive substances directly interfering with immunological reactions
1.8. Cancer
1.8.1. A small increase in mutation rate leads to important increase in cancer risk
1.8.2. Carcinogenesis also rests on changes in gene expression
1.8.3. Endocrine disrupting agents and cancer
1.8.4. Risk of cancer increases strongly with duration of exposure

AIR POLLUTION - THE SILENT KILLER



Air pollution is a major environmental risk to health. By reducing air pollution levels, countries can reduce:



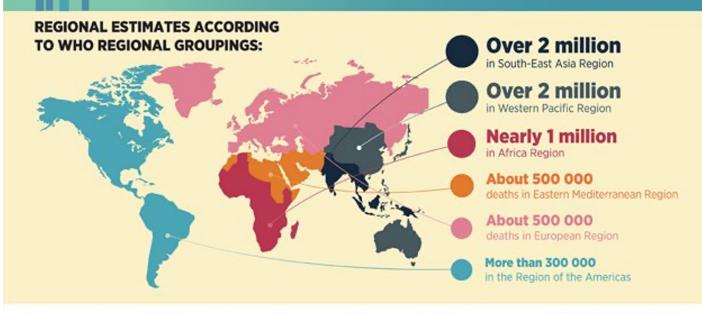
Stroke

#AirPollution



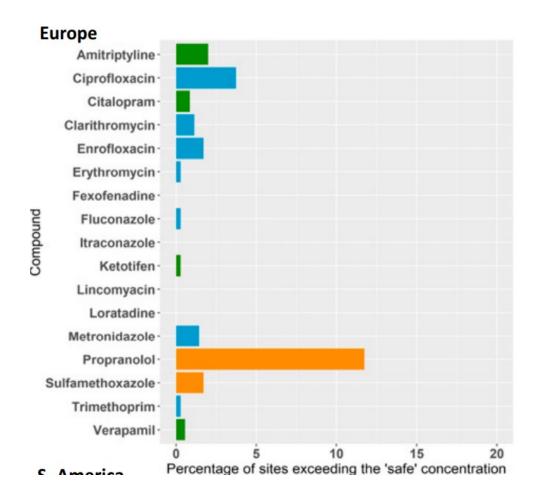
Heart disease

Lung cancer, and both chronic and acute respiratory diseases, including asthma



TH

World Health Organization





The improper disposal of drugs can allow the active ingredients to leach into the environment. Image © AjayTvm

NEWS

Drug pollution is threatening the water quality of the world's rivers

By James Ashworth First published 6 July 2022









Over 40% of the world's rivers could contain harmful levels of drugs.

· Wilkinson, John L., et al. "Pharmaceutical pollution of the world's rivers." Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences 119.8 (2022): e2113947119.



Exposure to air pollution, second-hand smoke, radon, ultraviolet radiation, asbestos, certain chemicals and other pollutants causes over 10% of all cancer cases in Europe, according to a European Environment Agency (EEA) report published today. The good news is that these risks are preventable.



INVISIBLE KILLER

Air pollution may not always be visible, but it can be deadly.



29%

OF DEATHS FROM LUNG CANCER



24%

OF DEATHS FROM **STROKE**



25%

OF DEATHS FROM HEART DISEASE



43%

OF DEATHS FROM LUNG DISEASE









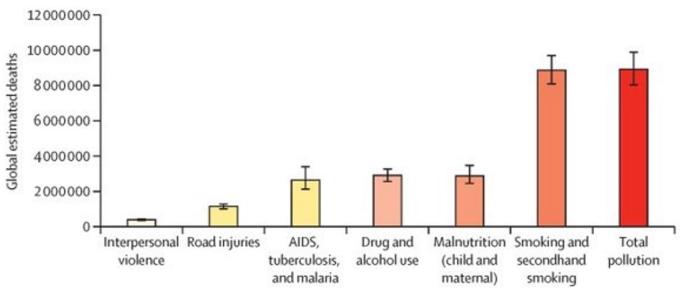
THE LANCET Public Health



ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION

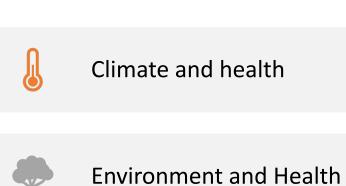
'Pollution continues to be responsible for around 9 million deaths per year, equivalent to one in six deaths worldwide.'

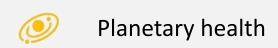
(Total pollution = combination of household air pollution, water pollution, air pollution and toxic chemical pollution)



Fuller, R., Landrigan, P. J., Balakrishnan, K., Bathan, G., Bose-O'Reilly, S., Brauer, M., ... Yam, C. (2022). Pollution and health: A progress update. The Lancet Planetary Health, 6(6), e535-e547. doj:10.1016/S2542-5196(22)00090-0

PLANETARY HEALTH



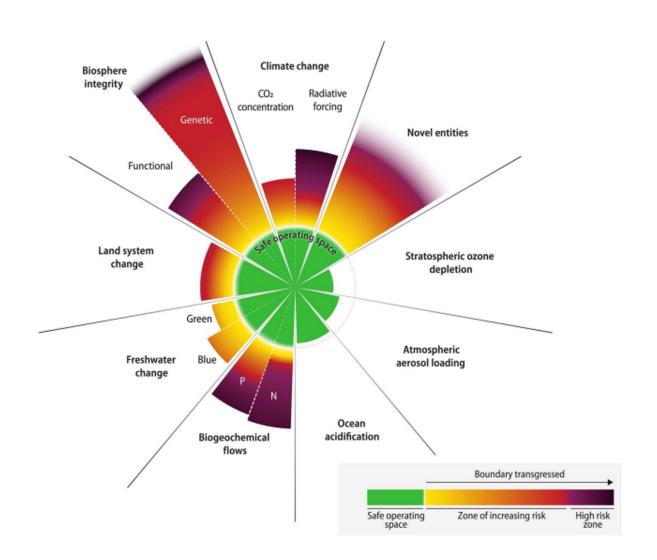




What if?

Strategies

PLANETARY BOUNDARIES



Safe operating space was calculated: a planetary boundary (PB)

9 crucial ecosystems were defined for our planet (2015 the Lancet)

Human activity endangers this balance by crossing the PBs → endangering humans depending on the ecosystem.

Healthy Planet Healthy People



DAMAGING THE PLANET DAMAGES HUMAN HEALTH









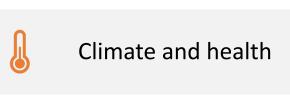


THE LANCET ® * ...

The Rockefeller Foundation–*Lancet* Commission on planetary health



STORIES





Environment and Health



Planetary health



Stories



What if?



Strategies



1 NO POVERTY



13 CLIMATE ACTION



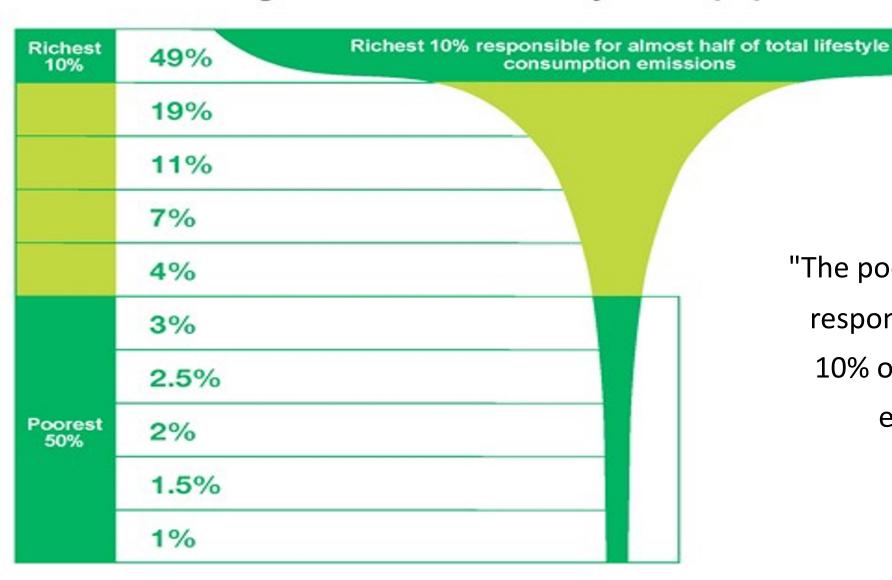
7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY



3 GOOD HEALTH
AND WELL-BEING

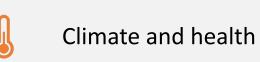


Percentage of CO₂ emissions by world population



"The poorest 50% is only responsible for about 10% of the total CO2 emissions"

WHAT IF





Environment and Health



Planetary health



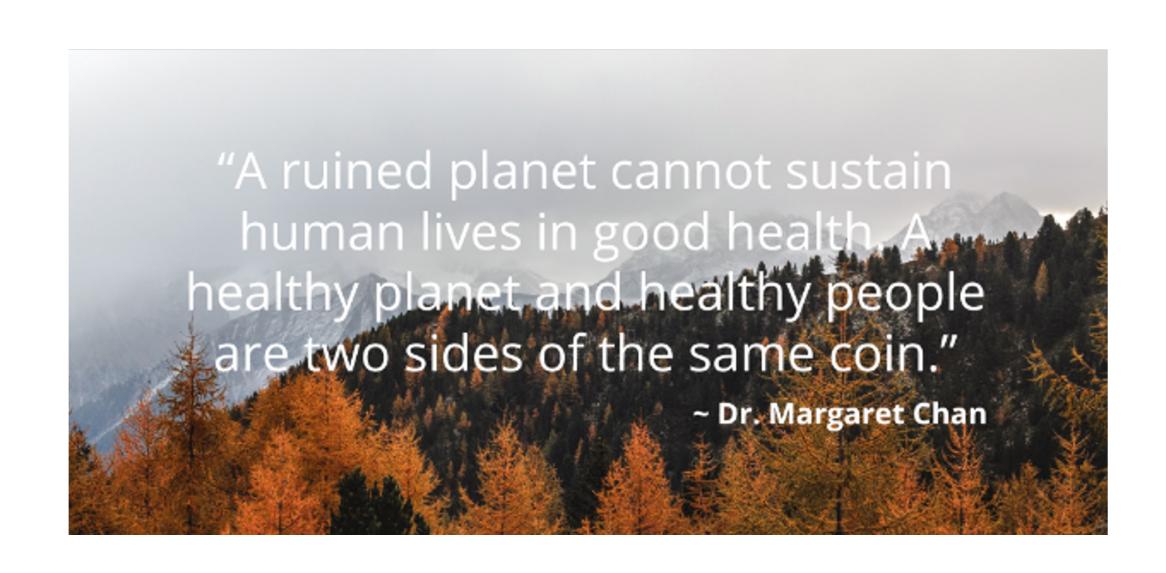
Stories



What if?



Strategies



STRATEGIES



Climate and health



Environment and Health



Planetary health



Stories



What if?

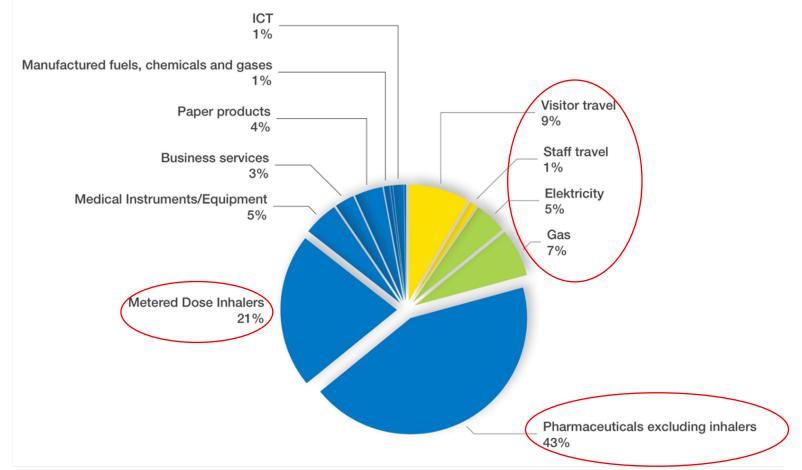


Strategies

CARBON FOOTPRINT OF PRIMARY

CARE

- Carbon footprint of primary health care:
 - NHS (UK): care by GPs is responsible for **14% of NHS carbon footprint***
 - NHS (UK): relative contributions to GP carbon footprint:



Carbon Hotspots update for the health and care sector in England 2015. Cambridge: NHS Sustainable Development Unit; 2016 *excluding imaging, pathology testing, referrals,...

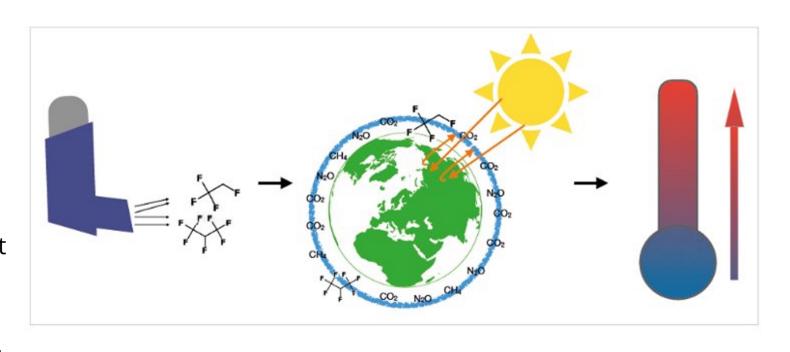
CARBON FOOTPRINT OF HEALTH CARE - INHALERS

MDI's contain **hydrofluorocarbons**, mostly norflurane (HFC-134a) and apaflurane (HFC-227ea), with a **global** warming potential 1430 to 3220 times stronger than that of CO₂.

Norflurane containing MDI's (Ventolin®, Duovent®, Trimbow®, Seretide®;) have a footprint of 10 - 20 kg CO₂ per inhaler.

Apaflurane containing MDI's (Symbicort® and Flutiform®) have a footprint of over 35 kg CO₂ per inhaler.

In comparison, the carbon footprint of an average car is 200 g CO₂ per km.





Equivalent to 281 km +/- Ghent to Paris



Equivalent to 6 km



REDUCING UNNECESSARY CARE/DEGROWTH

30 beter-niet-doen aanbevelingen geprioriteerd door huisartsen

The JAMA Forum

November 14, 2017

The High Costs of Unnecessary Care

Aaron E. Carroll, MD, MS¹

» Author Affiliations | Article Information

JAMA. 2017;318(18):1748-1749. doi:10.1001/jama.2017.16193

n a recent study published in *PLOS One*, researchers surveyed physicians across the United States to ask about their perspectives on unnecessary medical care. These physicians reported that more than 20% of overall medical care was not needed. This included about a quarter of tests, more than a fifth of prescriptions, and more than a 10th of procedures.

Advanced care planning to prevent unplanned admissions

Simone A. van Dulmen, Ngoc Hue Tran, Tjerk Wiersma, Eva W. Verkerk, Jasmine CL Messaoudi, Jako S. Burgers and Rudolf B. Kool. Identifying and prioritizing do-not-do recommendations in Dutch primary care. BMC primary care

https://doi.org/10.1186/s12875-022-01713-y

Research | Open Access | Published: 03 June 2022

Identifying and prioritizing do-not-do recommendations in Dutch primary care

Simone A. van Dulmen , Ngoc Hue Tran, Tjerk Wiersma, Eva W. Verkerk, Jasmine CL Messaoudi, Jako S. Burgers & Rudolf B. Kool

BMC Primary Care 23, Article number: 141 (2022) | Cite this article

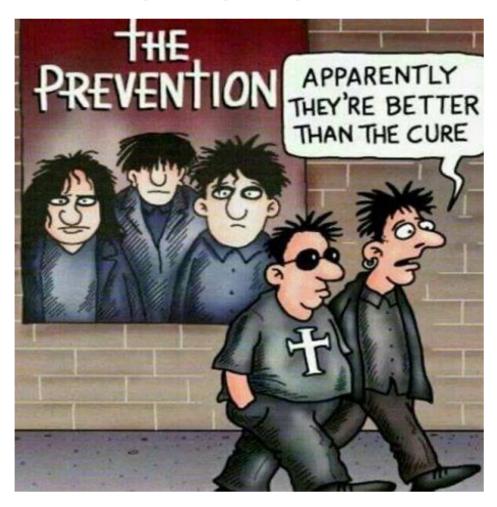
10k Accesses | 10 Altmetric | Metrics

Abstract

Background

Low-value care provides minimal or no benefit for the patient, wastes resources, and can cause harm. Explicit do-not-do recommendations in clinical guidelines are a first step in reducing low-value care. The aim of this study was to identify and prioritize do-not-do recommendations in general practice guidelines with priority for implementation.

HEALTH PROMOTION AND DISEASE PREVENTION



THE LANCET Planetary Health

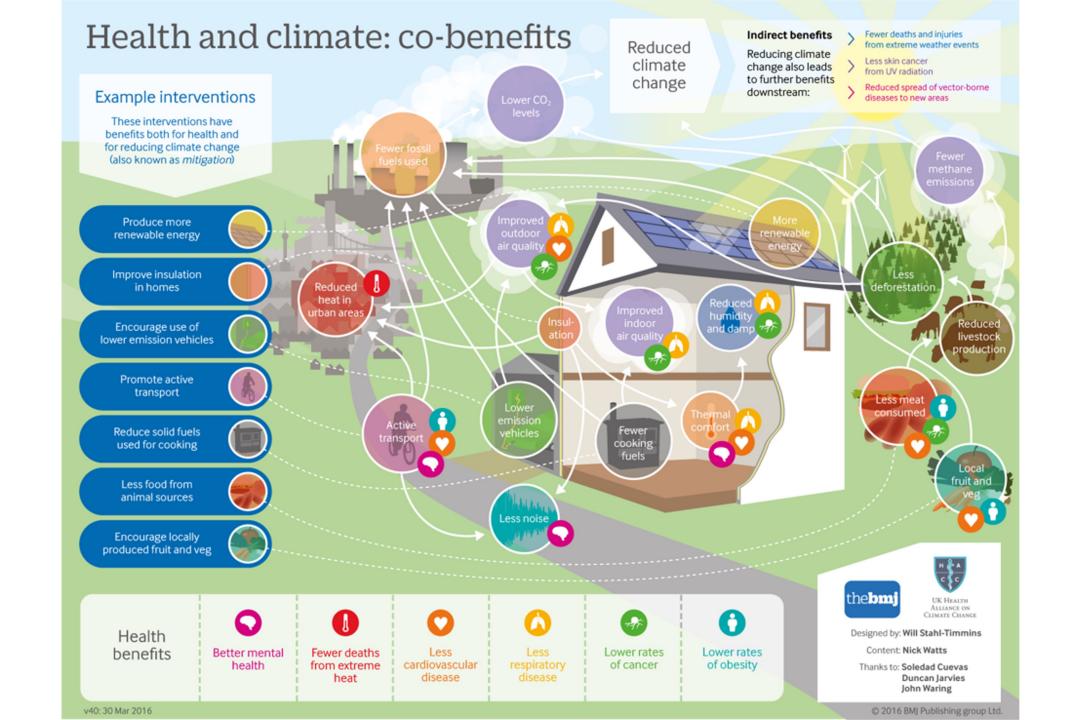
ARTICLES | VOLUME 5, ISSUE 2, E84-E92, FEBRUARY 01, 2021

Health care's response to climate change: a carbon footprint assessment of the NHS in England

Imogen Tennison, MEng • Sonia Roschnik, MSc • Ben Ashby, MEng • Richard Boyd, MEng • Ian Hamilton, PhD • Prof Tadj Oreszczyn, PhD • et al. Show all authors

Open Access • Published: February, 2021 • DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/S2542-5196(20)30271-0 •

Importantly, health promotion and disease prevention programmes such as public health campaigns and social prescribing can reduce the overall demand for health care, while the selection of a less carbon-intensive and resource-intensive care practices where clinically appropriate can reduce both emissions and costs. The activity-based emissions results could be used to set priorities in disease prevention, as well as development and adoption of lower carbon best practices.



Doctors increasingly prescribe nature as treatment

Thursday, 17 February 2022 By Lauren Walker



A forest in Flanders. Credit: Helen Lyons/ The Brussels Times

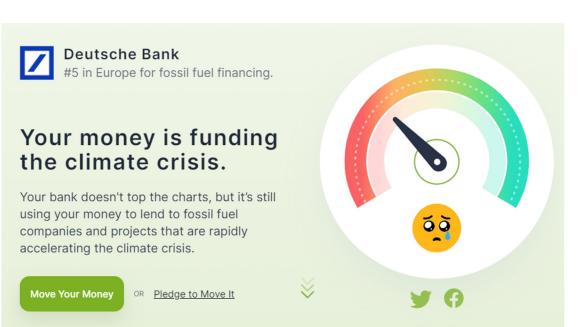
Doctors in Belgium are increasingly prescribing time in the great outdoors to patients in addition to medication and other treatments as the medical world becomes more aware of its positive health effects.

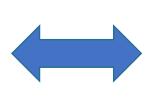




DIVEST











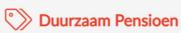
INVEST GREEN



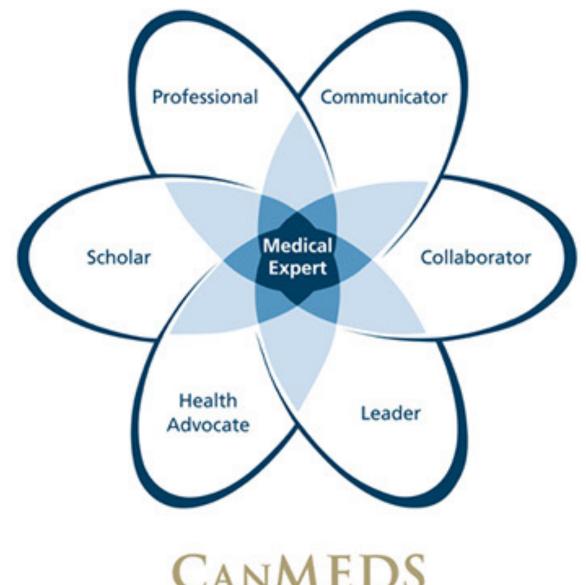
Duurzaam Pensioen voor zorgverleners

12 juni 2019, Anneleen De Bonte

Stel je voor dat we ons pensioengeld inzetten voor ecologisch duurzame en sociale investeringen. Zou d...



Politising medical professionals



CANMEDS





Doctors, healthcare workers sound alarm over health risks of climate change









(PLANETARY) HEALTH **ADVOCACY**





This content was last updated on 4 December 2023.

The year 2023 has been marked by a surge in climate catastrophes. Wildfires, heatwaves and droughts are displacing people, killing crops and livestock, and worsening air pollution. A boiling world is increasing the likelihood and spread of killer diseases like cholera, malaria and dengue.

Recognizing the growing climate and health emergency, the 28th Conference of the Parties (COP28) Presidency will host the first-ever Day dedicated to Health in the history of the climate negotiations, on 3 December in Dubai.

As stated by Dr Tedros: "Addiction to fossil fuels is not just an act of environmental vandalism. From the health perspective, it is an act of self-sabotage."

A COP28 Climate and Health Declaration will be delivered by health ministers and governments gathered in Dubai in December 2023.

WHO urges health professionals, groups and individuals to unite in a call for world leaders to meet the commitments they have already made, and to raise their ambition for a healthier, fairer and greener future:







Non violent direct action

- Ende gelënde
- Code rood
- INEOS
- •

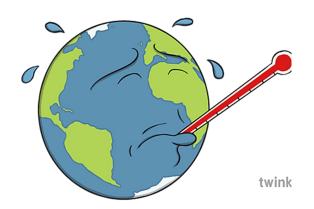


TAKE HOME MESSAGES

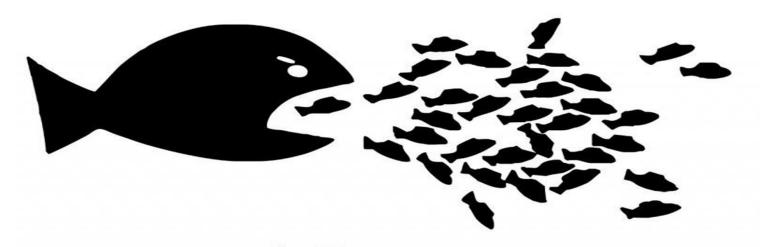
Healthy Planet; Healthy People



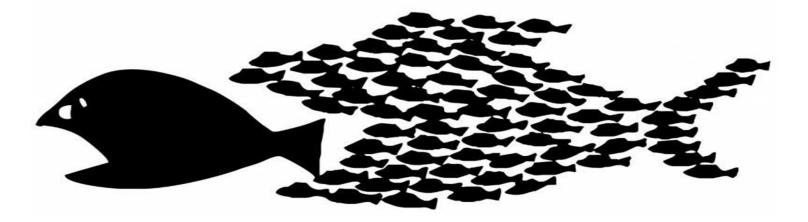
- Change is possible, change is happening, let's go
 - Deprescribing and humanising
 - Divesting
 - Advocacy
 - Juridical







ORGANIZE



FURTHER READINGS

- Planetary Health Alliance
 - https://www.planetaryhealthalliance.org/
- Greener Practice (UK)
 - https://www.greenerpractice.co.uk/
- Health Care Without Harm Europe
 - https://noharm.org
- NHS Sustainable Development Unit (UK)
 - Delivering a 'Net Zero' National Health Service https://www.england.nhs.uk/greenernhs/
- Wonca Working Party: Environment
 - WONCA & PHA. Declaration calling for family doctors of the world to act on planetary health.
 - Planetary Health Course
- Nederlandse Huisartsengenootschap & Landelijke huisartsenvereniging Nederland (NL)
 - Handboek 'De Groene Huisartspraktijk'
- https://doc-durable.fr/
- Le Collège de la Médecine Générale (FR)
 - Santé planétaire en médecine générale https://lecmg.fr/sante-planetaire/
- The Lancet Planetary Health
 - https://www.thelancet.com/journals/lanplh/home
- Royal College of General Practicioners (UK)
 - · Green impact for Health